



Mobile Crisis Intervention Services Performance Improvement Center (PIC)

Monthly Report: September 2018

Updated 10/16/18

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The Mobile Crisis Intervention Services Performance Improvement Center is housed at the Child Health and Development Institute



Executive Summary

Additional data and appendices are available online http://www.chdi.org/publications/ or contact Jeffrey Vanderploeg, PhD, jvanderploeg@uchc.edu for more information.

<u>Call and Episode Volume:</u> In September 2018, 2-1-1 and Mobile Crisis received 1,664 calls including 1,220 calls (73.3%) handled by Mobile Crisis providers and 444 calls (26.7%) handled by 2-1-1 only (e.g., calls for other information or resources, calls transferred to 9-1-1). This month was nearly identical in call volume in comparison to September 2017 (n=1,665).

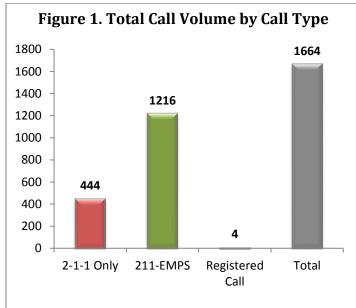
Among the **1,220** episodes of care generated this month, episode volume ranged from 140 episodes (Southwestern) to 334 episodes (Hartford). The statewide average service reach per 1,000 children this month was 1.5, with service area rates ranging from 0.8 (Southwestern) to 2.1 (Hartford) relative to their specific child populations. Additionally, the number of episodes generated relative to the number of children in poverty in each service area yielded a statewide average poverty service reach rate of 3.0 per 1,000 children in poverty, with service area rates ranging from 1.6 (Southwestern) to 4.5 (Hartford).

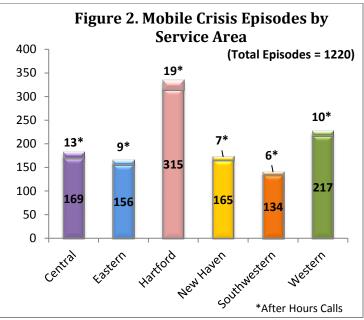
<u>Mobility:</u> Statewide mobility was 93.8% this month; just slightly higher than the rate in August 2017 (93.2%). All six service areas were above the 90% benchmark this month, with performance ranging from 90.3% (New Haven) to 97.3% (Western). Mobility for individual providers ranged from 88.2% (Wheeler: Meriden) to 100.0% (Wellmore: Danbury). Thirteen of the fourteen individual providers had mobility rates at or above the 90% benchmark.

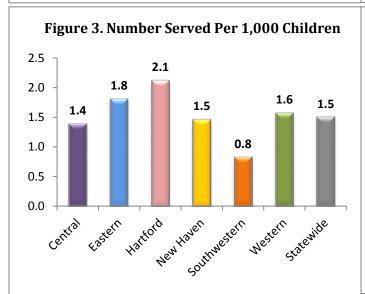
Response Time: Statewide, this month 87.9% of mobile episodes received a face-to-face response in 45 minutes or less, which is four percentage points higher than September 2017 (83.9%). All six service areas were above the benchmark of 80% of mobile responses provided in 45 minutes or less, with performance ranging from 80.4% (New Haven) to 100.0% (Southwestern). In addition, thirteen of the fourteen sites met the 80% benchmark. The statewide median mobile response time was 30.0 minutes.

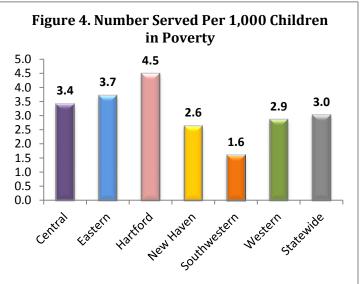
<u>Length of Stay (LOS)</u>: Statewide, among discharged episodes, **ten plus stabilization follow-up episodes exceeded 45 days**. This month the statewide median LOS for discharged episodes with a crisis response of plus stabilization follow-up was 11.0 days. The median LOS for discharged episodes with a crisis response of plus stabilization follow-up ranged from 3.5 days (Southwestern) to 21.0 days (Eastern).

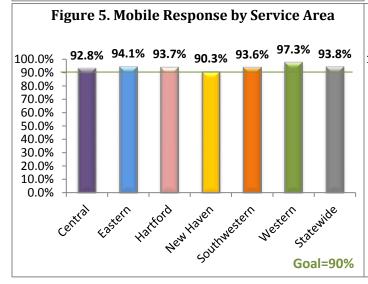
Section I: Mobile Crisis Statewide/Service Area Dashboard

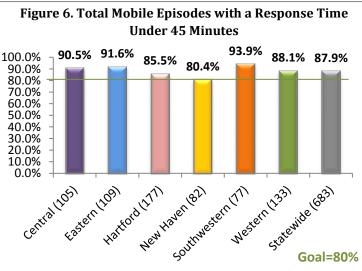




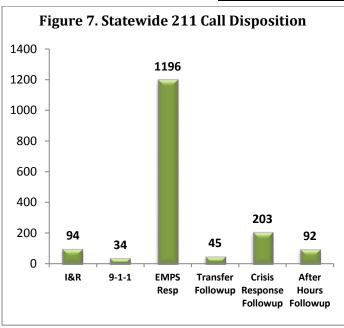


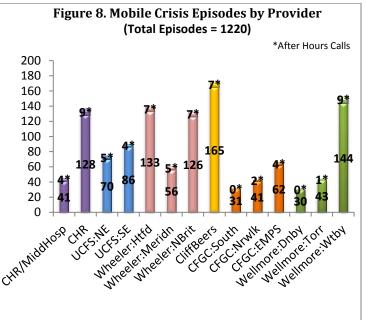


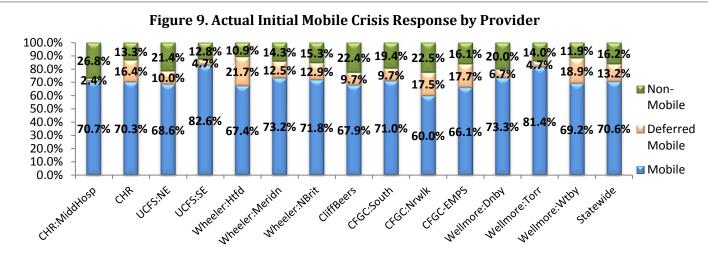


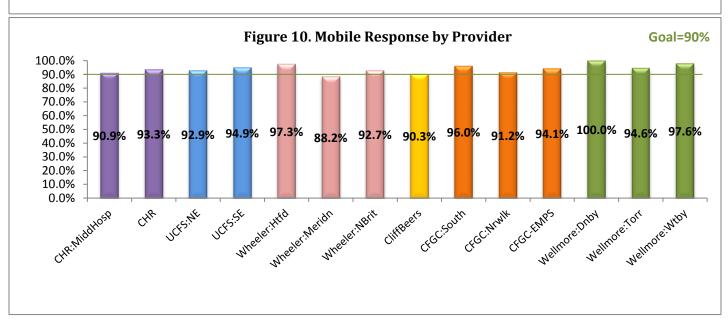


Section II: Mobile Crisis Response

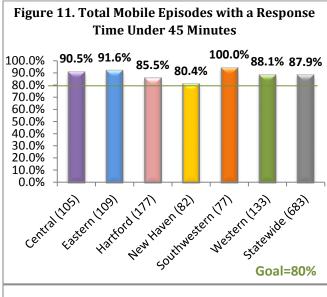


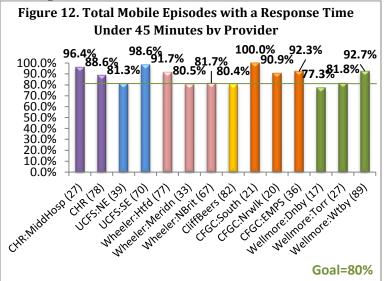


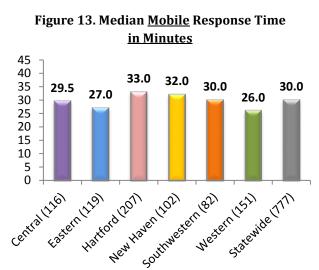


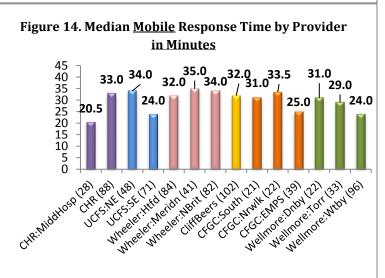


Section III: Response Time

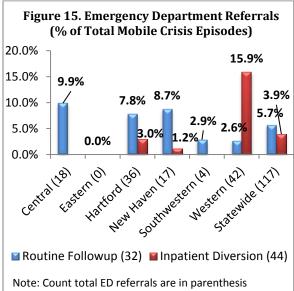


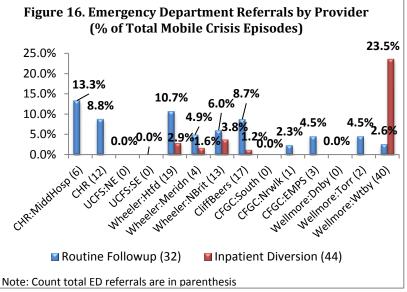






Section IV: Emergency Department Referrals





Section V: Length of Stay (LOS)

Table 1. LOS for <u>Discharged Episodes</u> with a Crisis Response of Plus Stabilization Follow-up

	Discharged Episodes with a Crisis Response of Plus Stabilization Follow-up				
	Number of	Mean LOS	Median LOS	Percent Exceeding	
	Episodes	(in days)	(in days)	45 Days	
STATEWIDE	209	14.7	11.0	4.8% (n = 10)	
Central	33	22.8	19.0	12.1% (n = 4)	
Eastern	5	18.4	21.0	0% (n = 0)	
Hartford	88	11.7	9.0	2.3% (n = 2)	
New Haven	13	21.2	16.0	23.1% (n = 3)	
Southwestern	6	8.0	3.5	0% (n = 0)	
Western	64	13.8	12.5	1.6% (n = 1)	